**Copyright statement**

The copyright material published in this work is subject to the *Copyright Act 1968* (Cth) and is owned by ACARA or, where indicated, by a party other than ACARA.

This material is consultation material only and has not been endorsed by Australia’s nine education ministers.

You may view, download, display, print, reproduce (such as by making photocopies) and distribute these materials in unaltered form only for your personal, non-commercial educational purposes or for the non-commercial educational purposes of your organisation, provided that you make others aware it can only be used for these purposes and attribute ACARA as the source. For attribution details refer to clause 5 in (<https://www.australiancurriculum.edu.au/copyright-and-terms-of-use/>).

ACARA does not endorse any product that uses the Australian Curriculum Review consultation material or make any representations as to the quality of such products. Any product that uses this material should not be taken to be affiliated with ACARA or have the sponsorship or approval of ACARA.

**FOUNDATION TO YEAR 10 PATHWAY**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **French**  (No strands or sub-strands specified for Foundation year) | **Foundation** |
| **Achievement standard** |
| By the end of the Foundation year, students use play and imagination to interact and create French texts, with support. They identify that French and English look and sound different. They recognise that there are languages and cultures as well as their own, and that aspects of language and culture contribute to their own and others’ cultural identity. |
| **Content description *Students learn to*** |
| with support, recognise and communicate meaning in French (AC9LFF01) |
| explore, with support, language features of French noticing similarities and differences between French and English (AC9LFF02) |
| explore connections between language and culture (AC9LFF03) |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **French** | | **Years 1 and 2** | **Years 3 and 4** | **Years 5 and 6** |
| **Achievement standard** | | |
| By the end of Year 2, students use French to interact and share information related to the classroom and themselves. They use cues to respond to questions and instructions. They know and use basic French sound patterns, intonation, rhythm and simple formulaic expressions. They locate and convey key items of information in texts using non-verbal, visual and contextual cues to help make meaning. They use familiar words and modelled language to create text.  Students understand that French has rules for non-verbal communication, pronunciation and writing. They give examples of similarities and differences between some features of French and English. They understand that language is connected with culture and identity, and notice how this is reflected in their own language, culture and identity. | By the end of Year 4, students use French to initiate structured interactions to share information related to the classroom and their personal world. They use modelled language to participate in oral and written activities that involve plans and transactions. They locate and respond to key items of information in texts using strategies to help interpret and convey meaning in familiar contexts. They use modelled language and basic syntax to create and present text.  Students understand that French has language conventions and grammar rules to create and make meaning and that some terms have specific cultural meanings. Students identify patterns in French and make comparisons between French and English. They understand that the French language is connected with culture and identity, and identify how this is reflected in their own language, culture and identity. | By the end of Year 6, students initiate and use strategies to maintain interactions in French related to their immediate environment. They collaborate in oral and written activities that involve the language of transaction and problem-solving, to share information, ideas and preferences. They use strategies to locate and interpret information and ideas in texts, and demonstrate understanding by responding in French or English, adjusting their response appropriately to context, purpose and audience. They create texts, selecting and using a variety of vocabulary and sentence structures to suit context, and show understanding of how some language reflects cultural practices. They sequence information and ideas and use conventions appropriate to text type.  Students apply rules for pronunciation, spelling, punctuation and modelled grammatical structures when creating and responding in French. They use metalanguage to compare frequently used language features in French and English. They understand that the French language is connected with culture and identity, and consider how this is reflected in their own language, culture and identity. |
| **Strand** | **Sub-strand** | **Content description *Students learn to:*** | | |
| **Communicating meaning in French** | Interacting in French | recognise and respond to modelled classroom-related greetings, instructions and routines; and personal introductions (AC9LF2C01) | initiate exchanges and respond to modelled questions about self, others, and classroom environment, using formulaic expressions (AC9LF4C01) | initiate and sustain modelled exchanges in familiar contexts related to students’ personal world and school environment (AC9LF6C01) |
| participate in a range of guided, play-based language activities using formulaic expressions, visual and spoken cues (AC9LF2C02) | participate in activities that involve planning and transacting with others, using a range of familiar phrases and modelled structures (AC9LF4C02) | participate in activities that involve planning and negotiating with others, using language that expresses information, preferences and ideas (AC9LF6C02) |
| Mediating meaning in and between languages | locate, with support, key information in familiar texts, and respond using gestures, images, words and formulaic phrases. (AC9LF2C03) | locate and respond to key information related to familiar content obtained from spoken, written and multimodal texts (AC9LF4C03) | locate and process information and ideas in a range of spoken, written and multimodal texts, and respond in different ways to suit purpose (AC9LF6C03) |
| notice that language carries cultural meaning in classroom-related greetings, introductions, instructions and routines (AC9LF2C04) | develop strategies to comprehend and adjust French language in familiar contexts to convey cultural meaning (AC9LF4C04) | apply strategies to interpret and convey meaning in French language in familiar spoken, written and non-verbal cultural contexts (AC9LF6C04) |
| Creating text in French | use words, familiar phrases and modelled language to create spoken, written and multimodal texts (AC9LF2C05) | create and present informative and imaginative spoken and written texts using formulaic expressions, simple phrases and sentences and modelled textual conventions (AC9LF4C05) | create and present a range of spoken and written texts using a variety of modelled sentence structures to sequence information and ideas, and conventions appropriate to text type (AC9LF6C05) |
|  |  | demonstrate understanding of how language reflects culture by beginning to use words and expressions that reflect cultural practices and conventions (AC9LF6C06) |
| **Understanding language and culture** | Understanding systems of language | recognise and imitate the sounds and rhythms of French (AC9LF2U01) | recognise and use modelled combinations of sounds, pronunciation and intonation patterns of French to form words and phrases (AC9LF4U01) | apply knowledge of combinations of sounds, syllables, pronunciation and intonation patterns to develop fluency and rhythm to known words and phrases (AC9LF6U01) |
| recognise that the Roman alphabet is used to construct meaning in texts in French (AC9LF2U02) | recognise French language conventions, grammatical structures and basic syntax in familiar texts and contexts (AC9LF4U02) | apply modelled grammatical structures and formulaic expressions to compose and respond to texts using appropriate punctuation and textual conventions (AC9LF6U02) |
| notice that French has features that may be similar to or different from English (AC9LF2U03) | recognise familiar French language features and compare with those of English, in known contexts (AC9LF4U03) | use familiar metalanguage to compare some French language functions, structures and features with those of English, in known contexts (AC9LF6U03) |
| Understanding the interrelationship of language and culture | notice that people use language in ways that reflect cultural practices and behaviours (AC9LF2U04) | identify connections between French language and cultural practices and behaviours (AC9LF4U04) | recognise connections between language and cultural practices, behaviours and values and reflect on the impact on communication (AC9LF6U04) |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **French** | | **Years 7 and 8 (F–10)** | **Years 9 and 10 (F–10)** |
| **Achievement standard** | |
| By the end of Year 8, students initiate and maintain interactions in French in familiar and unfamiliar contexts related to a range of interests and experiences. They use French appropriate to collaborate and problem-solve and adjust language in response to others. Students interpret information, ideas and opinions in texts. They demonstrate understanding of similarities and differences between languages, in both familiar and unfamiliar cultural contexts, by adjusting and reorganising responses appropriately. Students select and use appropriate vocabulary, sentence structures and expressions to create spoken, written and multimodal texts.  Students show understanding of different text types to present and respond to information, ideas and opinions, and are aware that spoken and written texts use different conventions. They use metalanguage to comment on structures and features of French text. They reflect on how the French language, culture and identity are interconnected, and compare this with their own language, culture and identity. | By the end of Year 10, students contribute to and extend interactions in French in increasingly unfamiliar contexts related to a wide range of interests and issues. They interpret a broad range of texts and manipulate language to convey intercultural understanding. They evaluate and synthesise information, ideas and perspectives in texts. They show understanding of how features of language can be used to influence audience response. They create texts, selecting language for a range of contexts, purposes and audiences. They demonstrate knowledge of connections between spoken and written texts, and use appropriate expressions and spoken and written conventions to enhance fluency and authenticity. They apply and use complex sentences and structures to create and respond to spoken and written texts that express ideas, perspectives and opinions. They use a variety of tenses to sequence events and use language devices to enhance meaning and cohesion.  Students use metalanguage to reflect on and evaluate French text and explain similarities and differences between French and English. They reflect on their own cultural perspectives and identity and draw on their experience of learning French to explain how this learning influences their ideas and ways of communicating. |
| **Strand** | **Sub-strand** | **Content description *Students learn to:*** | |
| **Communicating meaning in French** | Interacting in French | initiate and sustain exchanges in familiar and unfamiliar contexts related to students’ experiences, feelings and views, adjusting their language in response to others (AC9LF8C01) | initiate, sustain and extend exchanges in familiar and unfamiliar contexts related to students’ own and others’ experiences of the world, adjusting their language in response to others (AC9LF10C01) |
| collaborate in activities that involve the language of transaction, negotiation and problem-solving to plan projects and events (AC9LF8C02) | contribute to discussions that involve diverse views to negotiate outcomes, address issues and compare cultural experiences (AC9LF10C02) |
| Mediating meaning in and between languages | interpret information, ideas and opinions in a range of spoken, written and multimodal texts, and respond appropriately to cultural context, purpose and audience (AC9LF8C03) | evaluate and synthesise information, ideas and perspectives in a broad range of spoken, written and multimodal texts and respond appropriately to cultural context, purpose and audience (AC9LF10C03) |
| interpret and adjust spoken, written and non-verbal language to convey meaning in French language in familiar and unfamiliar cultural contexts (AC9LF8C04) | interpret and translate spoken, written and non-verbal interactions and texts to convey intercultural understanding in familiar and unfamiliar contexts (AC9LF10C04) |
| reflect on similarities and differences in cultural interpretations between French and their own language use and behaviour (AC9LF8C05) | evaluate how intercultural contexts shape meaning in interactions and texts in French and their own language (AC9LF10C05) |
| Creating text in French | create and present spoken, written and multimodal texts for specific purposes, selecting vocabulary, grammatical structures and textual features and conventions appropriate to text type and context (AC9LF8C06) | create a range of texts for diverse contexts and purposes, selecting text structures and language features to engage different audiences (AC9LF10C06) |
| consider and select words and expressions to create texts that reflect cultural values and beliefs (AC9LF8C07) | use a broad range of words, expressions and idioms to enhance the cultural authenticity of texts (AC9LF10C07) |

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Understanding language and culture** | Understanding systems of language | apply knowledge of conventions of spoken French to known and unfamiliar language to enhance fluency, and use this knowledge in responding to and creating texts (AC9LF8U01) | apply features and conventions of spoken French to extend fluency in responding to and creating spoken and written texts in known and unfamiliar contexts (AC9LF10U01) |
| apply a range of grammatical structures and expressions to compose and respond to texts using appropriate punctuation and textual conventions (AC9LF8U02) | apply grammatical knowledge to predict meaning and compose texts that contain some complex structures and ideas (AC9LF10U02) |
| use metalanguage to reflect on similarities and differences between French language functions, structures and features with those of English, in known contexts (AC9LF8U03) | use metalanguage to reflect on and evaluate French texts, and to compare use of language features in French and English (AC9LF10U03) |
| Understanding the interrelationship of language and culture | explain how the French language reflects cultural practices, perspectives and identity, and compare these with their own (AC9LF8U04) | evaluate how language choice in French reflects cultural values, perspectives and identity, and compare these with their own (AC9LF10U04) |

**YEAR 7 TO YEAR 10 PATHWAY**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **French** | | **Years 7 and 8 (Year 7 entry)** | **Years 9 and 10 (Year 7 entry)** |
| **Achievement standard** | |
| By the end of Year 8, students use French to interact and collaborate with others, and to share information and plan activities in familiar contexts related to their daily life, school environment and personal world. They use active listening skills to respond to others’ contributions, and recognise familiar gestures, questions and instructions in exchanges. They locate and respond to information from a range of texts and use non-verbal, visual and contextual cues to help make meaning. They respond in French or English, and adjust language to suit context, purpose and audience and convey cultural meaning. They approximate French sound patterns, intonation and rhythms, and recognise relationships between spoken and written forms. They use familiar language, modelled sentence and grammatical structures, formulaic expressions and high-frequency vocabulary to create texts and demonstrate understanding of how some language reflects cultural practices.  Students understand that French has rules for non-verbal communication, pronunciation, grammar and writing. They give examples of similarities and differences between French and English. They demonstrate understanding of how language does not always translate directly. They use metalanguage to explain aspects of language, and make connections with terms that are used in English learning. They demonstrate how the French language is connected with culture and identity, and how this is reflected in their own language, culture and identity. | By the end of Year 10, students initiate and sustain French to exchange and compare ideas and experiences about their own and others’ personal world. They communicate using non-verbal, spoken and written language to collaborate, plan and reflect on school and social activities and events. They use structures and features of spoken and written French to create and convey meaning to suit context, purpose and audience. They interpret and analyse information and ideas from a range of texts and demonstrate understanding of different perspectives. They synthesise information and respond in French or English, adjusting language features to suit context, purpose and audience, and to convey cultural meaning. They create a range of texts for diverse purposes, and demonstrate knowledge of how text structure, word choice, expressions and language features change for different audiences.  Students apply the sound system in spoken exchanges and select and use sentence and grammatical structures, and words and expressions to interact, create texts and convey cultural meaning. They manipulate language to suit the context and purpose and demonstrate understanding of how the style of a text can influence audience response. They use metalanguage to analyse meaning in texts. Students reflect on their own language use and cultural identity and draw on their experience of learning French to discuss how this learning influences their ideas and ways of communicating. |
| **Strand** | **Sub-strand** | **Content description *Students learn to:*** | |
| **Communicating meaning in French** | Interacting in French | interact with others using modelled language to exchange information in familiar contexts about self and personal world (AC9LF8EC01) | initiate and sustain interactions in familiar and unfamiliar contexts to exchange ideas, experiences and opinions about their own and others’ personal world (AC9LF10EC01) |
| develop language to interact in classroom exchanges, routines, tasks and responsibilities (AC9LF8EC02) | use French language in exchanges to question, offer opinions and compare and discuss ideas (AC9LF10EC02) |
| engage in modelled exchanges with peers orally, gesturally, and in writing, to negotiate and organise activities relating to daily life and school environment (AC9LF8EC03) | discuss, plan and reflect on activities, events and experiences with peers orally and in writing (AC9LF10EC03) |
| Mediating meaning in and between languages | locate and process information and ideas in familiar spoken, written and multimodal texts, responding in ways appropriate to cultural context, purpose and audience (AC9LF8EC04) | interpret information, ideas and perspectives in a wide range of spoken, written and multimodal texts and respond appropriately to cultural context, purpose and audience (AC9LF10EC04) |
| develop and begin to apply strategies to interpret, translate and convey cultural meaning in French in familiar contexts (AC9LF8EC05) | apply strategies to interpret and translate spoken, written and non-verbal interactions and texts to convey intercultural understanding in familiar and unfamiliar contexts (AC9LF10EC05) |
| reflect on some similarities and differences in cultural interpretations between [Language] and their own language use and behaviours (AC9LF8EC06) | reflect on how intercultural contexts shape meaning in interactions and texts in French and their own language (AC9LF10EC06) |
| Creating text in French | create a range of spoken and written texts for familiar contexts and purposes using appropriate conventions and linguistic features (AC9LF8EC07) | create texts for familiar and unfamiliar contexts and purposes, selecting text structures and language features to engage different audiences (AC9LF10EC07) |
| develop understanding of and use words and formulaic expressions to create spoken and written texts that reflect cultural values and beliefs (AC9LF8EC08) | use a range of words, expressions and idioms to develop cultural authenticity of texts (AC9LF10EC08) |
| **Understanding language and culture** | Understanding systems of language | recognise and use features of the French sound system, including pitch, rhythm, stress, pronunciation and intonation, and demonstrate how these are represented in spoken and written forms (AC9LF8EU01) | apply features of the French sound system, including pitch, rhythm, stress, pronunciation and intonation, and show how these are represented in different spoken and written contexts (AC9LF10EU01) |
| develop knowledge of, and use structures and features of, the French grammatical and writing systems (AC9LF8EU02) | select and use structures and features of the French grammatical and writing systems to enhance meaning (AC9LF10EU02) |
| use familiar metalanguage to discuss French language structures and features and compare with English (AC9LF8EU03) | use metalanguage to reflect on and evaluate French texts, and to compare language structures and features in French and English (AC9LF10EU03) |
| Understanding the interrelationship of language and culture | identify connections between French language and culture in shaping meaning and identity (AC9LF8EU04) | analyse and explain connections between French language and culture in shaping meaning, values and identity (AC9LF10EU04) |
| compare French culture, beliefs, attitudes and values with students’ own (AC9LF8EU05) | reflect on French culture, beliefs, attitudes and values, identifying differences between these and students’ own (AC9LF10EU05) |